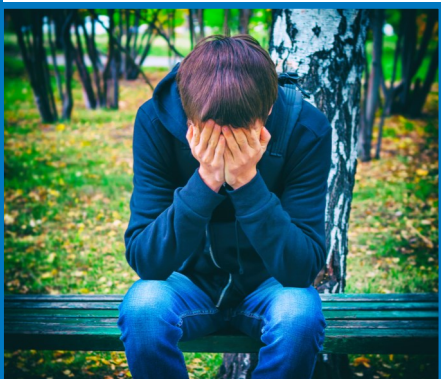


# Teen Suicide



- Suicide is the third leading cause of death for 15-to-24-year-olds.
- For some teens, suicide may appear to be a solution to their problems and stress.
- Depression and suicidal feelings are treatable mental disorders.
- Many of the signs and symptoms of suicidal feelings are similar to those of depression and parents should be aware of these signs.
- If a child or adolescent says, I want to kill myself, always take the statement seriously and immediately seek assistance.

**Suicides among young people continue to be a serious problem.** Each year in the United States, thousands of teenagers commit suicide. Suicide is the third leading cause of death for 15-to-24-year-olds, and the sixth leading cause of death for 5-to-14-year-olds.

Teenagers experience strong feelings of stress, confusion, self-doubt, pressure to succeed, financial uncertainty, and other fears while growing up. For some teenagers, divorce, the formation of a new family with step-parents and step-siblings, or moving to a new community can be very unsettling and can intensify self-doubts. For some teens, suicide may appear to be a solution to their problems and stress.

Depression and suicidal feelings are treatable mental disorders. The child or adolescent needs to have his or her illness recognized and diagnosed, and appropriate treatment plans developed. When parents are in doubt whether their child has a serious problem, a psychiatric examination can be very helpful. Many of the symptoms of suicidal feelings are similar to those of depression.

## **Parents should be aware of the following signs of adolescents who may try to kill themselves:**

- change in eating and sleeping habits
- withdrawal from friends, family, and regular activities
- violent actions, rebellious behavior, or running away
- drug and alcohol use
- unusual neglect of personal appearance
- marked personality change
- persistent boredom, difficulty concentrating, or a decline in the quality of schoolwork
- frequent complaints about physical symptoms, often related to emotions, such as stomachaches, headaches, fatigue, etc.
- loss of interest in pleasurable activities
- not tolerating praise or rewards



Wheeler

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A Library and Resource Center on Alcohol, Tobacco, Other Drugs, Mental Health and Wellness

### A teenager who is planning to commit suicide may also:

- complain of being a bad person or feeling rotten inside
- give verbal hints with statements such as: I won't be a problem for you much longer, Nothing matters, It's no use, and I won't see you again
- put his or her affairs in order, for example, give away favorite possessions, clean his or her room, throw away important belongings, etc.
- become suddenly cheerful after a period of depression
- have signs of psychosis (hallucinations or bizarre thoughts)

If a child or adolescent says, I want to kill myself, or I'm going to commit suicide, always take the statement seriously and immediately seek assistance from a qualified mental health professional. People often feel uncomfortable talking about death. However, asking the child or adolescent whether he or she is depressed or thinking about suicide can be helpful. Rather than putting thoughts in the child's head, such a question will provide assurance that somebody cares and will give the young person the chance to talk about problems.

If one or more of these signs occurs, parents need to talk to their child about their concerns and seek professional help from a physician or a qualified mental health professional. With support from family and appropriate treatment, children and teenagers who are suicidal can heal and return to a more healthy path of development.

### Connecticut Resources

United Way of CT  
Statewide Suicide and  
Crisis Hotline  
2-1-1

Department of Mental Health  
and Addiction Services  
[www.ct.gov/dmhas](http://www.ct.gov/dmhas)

CT Suicide Prevention  
[preventsuicidect.org](http://preventsuicidect.org)

### National Resources

National Suicide Prevention  
Lifeline  
1-800-273-TALK (8255)  
TTY: 1-800-799-4TTY (4889)

Suicide Prevention  
Resource Center  
[www.sprc.org](http://www.sprc.org)  
877-GET-SPRC (438-7772)

American Foundation for  
Suicide Prevention  
[www.afsp.org](http://www.afsp.org)  
1-888-333-AFSP (2377)

### If you are in a crisis and need immediate help call:

**The National Suicide Prevention Lifeline**  
**1-800-273-TALK (8255)**  
**TTY: 1-800-799-4TTY (4889)**

**Connecticut Statewide Suicide and Crisis Hotline**  
**Call 2-1-1**

**IF IN IMMEDIATE DANGER**  
**CALL 9-1-1**

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